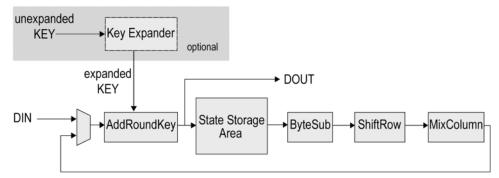
AES-XTS AES-XTS Storage Encrypt/Decrypt Engine

The AES-XTS encryption IP core implements hardware encryption/decryption for sectorbased storage data. It uses the AES block cipher, in compliance with the NIST Advanced Encryption Standard, as a subroutine. The core processes 128 bits per cycle, and is programmable for 128- and 256-bit key lengths.

Two architectural versions are available to suit system size and throughput requirements. The **High Throughput** XTS-X is more compact and can process 128 bits/cycle independent of the key size. The **Higher Throughput** XTS-X2 can process 256 bits/cycle independent of the key size. Both versions have a 128-bit data path.

XTS (XEX-based Tweaked Codebook Mode with Ciphertext Stealing) is a mode of AES that has been specifically designed to encrypt fixed-size data where a possible threat has access to the stored data.

Block Diagram



Applications

The AES-XTS can be utilized for a variety of encryption applications including full disk encryption (FDE), cloud storage encryption, network security and embedded systems to secure sensitive data such as in IoT devices or automotive systems.

Verification

The core has been verified through extensive synthesis, place and route and simulation runs. It has also been embedded in several products, and is proven in FPGA technologies.

Support

The core as delivered is warranted against defects for ninety days from purchase. Thirty days of phone and email technical support are included, starting with the first interaction. Additional maintenance and support options are available.

Export Permits

This core implements encryption functions and as such it is subject to export control regulations. Export to your country may or may not require a special export license. Please contact CAST to determine what applies in your specific case.

Key Expander

The AES algorithm requires an expanded key for encryption or decryption. The KEXP AES key expander core is included with the AES-XTS core.

During encryption, the key expander can produce the expanded key on the fly while the AES core is consuming it. For decryption, though, the key must be pre-expanded and stored in an appropriate memory before being used by the AES core. This is because the core uses the expanded key backwards during decryption.

Related Products

AES in CBC, CCM, CFB, CTR, ECB, GCM, LRW, and OFB modes are also available as stand-alone cores.

AES-P: run-time programmable AES core supporting CBC, CFB, CTR, ECB and OFB modes.



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FEATURES

- Encrypts and decrypts using the AES Rijndael Block Cipher Algorithm
- Implemented according to the IEEE P1619™/D16 standard
- NIST-Validated
- Capable of processing 128 bits/cycle
- Employs user-programmable key size of 128 or 256 bits
- Two architectural versions:
 - The AES-XTS-X version is smaller and can process 128 bits/cycle for all key sizes
 - The AES-XTS-X2 version can process 256 bits/cycle for all key sizes
- Arbitrary IV length
- Easy integration & implementation
 - Works with the integrated key expansion function
 - Fully synchronous, uses only the rising clock-edge, single-clock domain, no false or multicycle timing paths, scan-ready, LINT-clean, reusable design
 - Simple input and output interface, optionally bridged to AMBA[™] interfaces or integrated with a DMA engine
- Available in VHDL or Verilog source code format, or as a targeted FPGA netlist



Implementation Results

The AES-XTS can be mapped to any ASIC technology or FPGA device (provided sufficient silicon resources are available). The following are sample ASIC pre-layout results reported from synthesis with a silicon vendor design kit under typical conditions, with all core I/Os assumed to be routed on-chip.

AES-XTS High Throughput (-X) ASIC Results

Technology	Logic Resources	Memory Resources	Freq. (MHz)	Throughput (Gbps)
TSMC 7nm	343k eq. gates	0	1,250	160.0
TSMC 16nm	404k eq. gates	0	1,200	153.6
TSMC 28nm HPC	459k eq. gates	0	1,000	128.0

AES-XTS High Throughput (-X2) Results

Technology	Logic Resources	Memory Resources	Freq (MHz)	Throughput (Gbps)
TSMC 7nm	808k eq. gates	0	1,700	435.2
TSMC 16nm	934k eq. gates	0	1,300	332.8
TSMC 28nm HPC	1,046k eq. gates	0	1,100	281.6

The provided figures <u>do not</u> represent the higher speed or smaller area for the core. Please contact CAST to get characterization data for your target configuration and technology.

Deliverables

The core is available in RTL (VHDL or Verilog) source code or as a targeted FPGA netlist. Its deliverable package includes the following:

- Sophisticated self-checking HDL testbench
- C Model & test vector generator
- Sample simulation & synthesis scripts
- User documentation



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